AQA C8 Chemical Analysis Combined FOUNDATION RP - Chromatography

Purity, Mixtures and Formulations

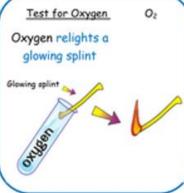
A pure substances is a single element or compound, not mixed with any other substance.

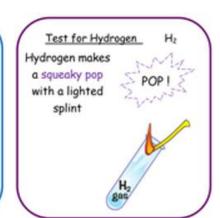
Pure substances melt and boil at specific temperatures. Mixtures melt and boil over a range.

Formulations are mixtures that have been designed as a useful product. For example, fuels, cleaning agents, paints, medicines and fertilisers.

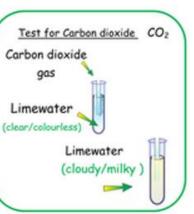
These are all formulations

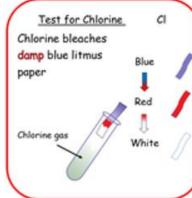










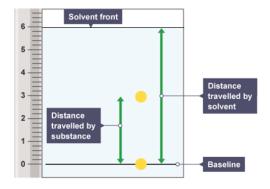








Ice melts at exactly 0°C Water boils at exactly 100°C



Chromatography

chromatography	Can be used to separate mixtures and help identify substances.	Involves a mobile phase (e.g. water or ethanol) and a stationary phase (e.g. chromatography paper).
R _f Values	The ratio of the distance moved by a compound to the distance moved by solvent.	R _f = <u>distance moved by substance</u> distance moved by solvent
How does it work?	Different solubility in the mobile phase (e.g. water)	Substances that are more soluble in the mobile phase travel faster up the paper. This separates substances. Pure compounds give a single spot, but mixtures do not.

Gas tests

0	Gas	Test	Positive Result
	hydrogen	burning splint	pop sound
	oxygen	glowing split	relights glowing split
	chlorine	damp blue litmus paper	bleaches the paper white
	carbon dioxide	bubble gas through limewater	limewater goes cloudy