

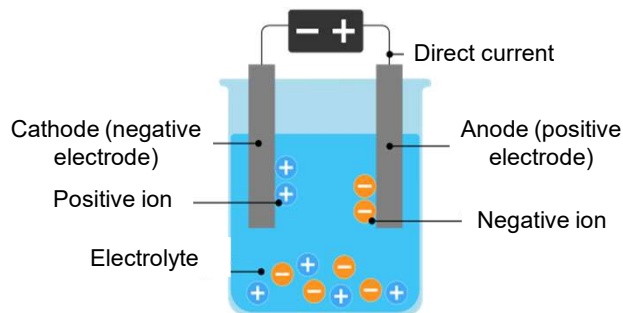
AQA C4b Electrolysis
Combined Foundation
RP – Electrolysis

Extracting Metals Using Electrolysis

Metals can be extracted from molten or dissolved compounds using electrolysis. Aluminium is extracted in this way.

This process is used when the metal is more reactive than carbon.

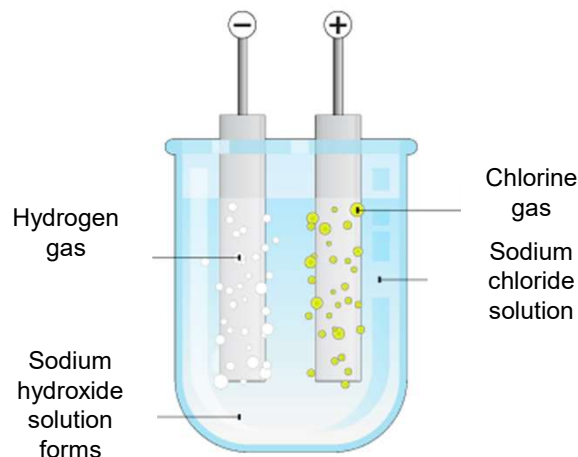
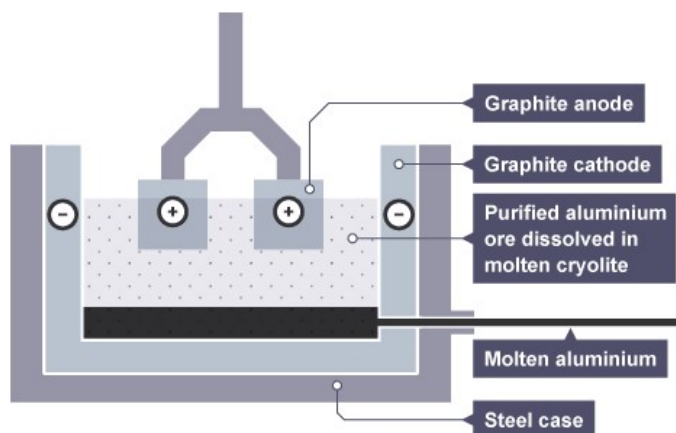
It is expensive because it needs a lot of electrical energy to produce the current.



What happens in electrolysis?	When an ionic compound is melted or dissolved in water, the ions become free to move and an electrolyte is made. Passing a current through the electrolyte makes the ions move to the electrodes.
What are the electrodes called?	The positive electrode is the anode The negative electrode is the cathode
Where do the ions go?	Positive ions move to the negative electrode Negative ions move to the positive electrode

Don't P.A.N.I.C.
Positive Anode,
Negative Is Cathode

Opposite
charges
attract



Extracting Aluminium

Aluminium oxide is mixed with cryolite to reduce its melting point

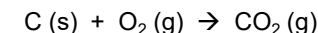
aluminium oxide → aluminium + oxygen



Aluminium forms at the negative electrode (cathode)

Oxygen forms at the positive electrode (anode)

Oxygen reacts with the carbon electrodes to produce carbon dioxide, so the electrode burns away and has to be replaced



Electrolysis of Solutions

In water (aqueous solution): $\text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l}) \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ (\text{aq}) + \text{OH}^- (\text{aq})$

at the negative electrode

1. The metal will be produced on the electrode if it is less reactive than hydrogen, e.g. copper
2. Hydrogen will be produced if the metal is more reactive than hydrogen, e.g. sodium

at the positive electrode

If you have a halide ion (Cl⁻, I⁻, Br⁻) then you will get chlorine, bromine or iodine formed.
 Otherwise oxygen is formed at positive electrode from the hydroxide ion.

EXAMPLE – electrolysis of sodium chloride solution

The products are hydrogen, chlorine and sodium hydroxide

Positive anode: **chlorine gas** formed

Negative cathode: **hydrogen gas** formed

In solution: **sodium hydroxide** produced