

## GCSE Spanish Theme 2 – Unit 6.2: Healthy Living

◦ eating habits ◦ expressions with tener ◦ using negative words ◦ giving advice using hay que , deber and tener que ◦ recognizing different tenses .

KEY VOCABULARY – Top 20	
Spanish	English
salud)	health
sano)	healthy
saludable	healthily
malsano	unhealthy
bueno/malo para la salud	good/bad for your health
vegetariano	vegetarian
comer bien	eat well
la grasa	fat (in food)
las verduras	vegetables
muslmán	muslim
acostarse	to go to bed
evitar	to avoid
las bebidas azucaradas	sugary drinks
la comida basura	junk food
la carne	meat
estresante	stressful
tener hambre	to be hungry
tener sed	to be thirsty
el ejercicio físico	physical exercise
dolor de cabeza	headache

### Present Tense

### Preterite tense

### Immediate Future tense

### Imperfect tense

Como  
I eat

Comí  
I ate

Voy a comer  
I'm going to eat

Comía  
I used to eat

Bebo  
I drink

Bebí  
I drank

Voy a beber  
I'm going to drink

Bebía  
I used to drink

Hago  
I do

Hice  
I did

Voy a hacer  
I'm going to do

Hacía  
I used to do

Juego  
I play

Jugué  
I played

Voy a jugar  
I'm going to play

Jugaba  
I used to play

Fumo  
I smoke

Fumé  
I smoked

Voy a fumar  
I'm going to smoke

Fumaba  
I used to smoke

Llevo  
I lead

Llevé  
I lead

Voy a llevar  
I'm going to lead

Llevaba  
I used to lead

### Using IMPERFECT and PRESENT tense together

#### IMPERFECT

Cuando era joven

Comía

Bebía

Jugaba

Hacía

#### PRESENT

pero ahora

como

bebo

juego

hago

When I was younger

I used to eat

I used to drink

I played

I used to do

but now...

I eat

I drink

I play

I do

### Useful phrases

Me apetece  
I fancy/ feel like  
No me apetece  
I don't fancy/feel like  
Trato de + inf  
I try to  
Intento+inf  
I try to  
Me importa+inf  
It matters to me  
Es mejor+INF...que  
it is better to....than to..  
Es peor+INF-que  
It is worse to...than to  
Debería+INF  
I should...

I fancy/ feel like  
I don't fancy/feel like  
I try to  
I try to  
It matters to me  
it is better to....than to..  
It is worse to...than to  
I should...

### Adverbs of frequency

afortunadamente	fortunately
desafortunadamente	unfortunately
a menudo	often
generalmente	generally
de vez en cuando	occasionally
normalmente	normally
todos los días	every day
rara vez	rarely
siempre	always

### Reasons

porque:because  
ya que:since  
dado que;given  
that  
es:it is  
sano healthy  
más sano:healthier  
sabroso:tasty  
malsano:unhealthy

### Giving advice

Hay que/se debe + INF	you must
No se debe +INF	you must not
comer bien	eat well
dormir ocho horas	sleep 8 hours
embarrracharse	get drunk
evitar el estrés	avoid fatty foods
acostarse tarde	go to bed late
fumar	smoke
hacer ejercicio	do exercise
correr	run
ir al gimnasio	go to the gym

## Unit 6.2 Healthy and unhealthy living

### Expressions with tener

In these key expressions, Spanish uses the verb tener ('to have') where English uses the verb 'to be':

tener (mucho) hambre – to be (very) hungry

tener (mucho) sed – to be (very) thirsty

tener (mucho) calor – to be (very) hot

tener (mucho) frío – to be (very) cold

tener (mucho) sueño – to be (very) sleepy

tener (mucho) suerte – to be (very) lucky

tener (mucho) miedo – to be (very) frightened

tener (mucho) éxito – to be (very) successful

tener (mucho) prisa – to be in a (great) hurry

tener razón – to be right

tener x años – to be x years old

Nunca como carne: I never eat meat

No como nunca carne

No me gusta ni la carne ni los mariscos: I like neither meat nor fish

Tampoco me gusta el atún: I don't like tuna either

nada: nothing,anything

nadie: nobody,anybody

nunca:never

ningún/ninguna/ninguno;none, not any

ni...ni: neither..nor

tampoco: either

Note also that in these expressions the word for 'very' is not muy but mucho/a.