| What must I be able to do? | Key vocabulary |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| You may need to revise the following: <br> - Year 8 Topic 5: Solving Equations 2 <br> - Year 7 Topic 10: Solving Equations 1 <br> Recap content: Solve linear equations where the unknown appears on only one side Solve equations where the unknown appears in the numerator of a fraction Solve equations which involve brackets Solve equations where the unknown appears on both sides <br> sparx M707, M509, M554, m387,m957 | Linear equation | An equation where the highest power is only 1, e.g. does not contain an $x^{2}$ or higher power. |

## Solving equations which require more steps

e.g. $\quad \frac{2 x+6}{3}=7$

The unknown $(x)$ is on one side of the equals sign only. There is a fraction, a constant term and a coefficient all on the left hand side which need to be dealt with.

- Step 1: Remove the fraction by multiplying all terms by the denominator
- Step 2: Do the inverse of the constant
- Step 3: Do the inverse of the coefficient

So...

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
\frac{2 x+6}{3} & =7 \\
2 x+6 & =21 \\
2 x & =15 \\
x & =\frac{15}{2}
\end{array}\right) \div 2
$$

e.g.

$$
4 n-9=6+n
$$

The unknown ( $n$ ) is on both sides of the equals sign. There is also a constant term on both sides and a coefficient of 4 on the left hand side.

- Step 1: Do the inverse of the smallest amount of $n$
- Step 2: Do the inverse of the constant
- Step 3: Do the inverse of the coefficient

So...


$$
3(2-w)=5(1-w)
$$

The unknown ( $w$ ) is on both sides of the equals sign. There are brackets on both sides, coefficients on both sides and both $w$ are negative.

- Step 1: Multiply out the brackets
- Step 2: Do the inverse of the smallest amount of w
- Step 3: Do the inverse of the constant
- Step 4: Do the inverse of the coefficient

So...

$-5 w$ is smaller than $-3 w$ so we do the inverse of $-5 w$ not the inverse of $-3 w$
e.g.

$$
3 x-8=\frac{5 x}{2}+4
$$

The unknown $(x)$ is on both sides of the equals sign. There is also a constant term on each side and a fraction to undo.

- Step 1: Remove the fraction by multiplying all terms by the denominator.
- Step 2: Do the inverse of the smallest amount of $x$
- Step 3: Do the inverse of the constant

So...


