Meadowhead School and Sixth Form



Edexcel BTEC Sport Level 3 Course Planner & Key Dates 25/27

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Introduction

This series of tasks and activities are designed to give you an insight into the Pearson EDEXCEL BTEC Level 3 Extended Certificate in Sport course. As part of the transition from year 11 Level 1/2 BTEC Sport/GCSE Physical Education to Level 3 BTEC Sport it is important to develop a greater understanding of certain aspects of the course which will help you over the next two years. Please complete the following booklet.

If you did not study a sports course in years 10 and 11 do not worry! A percentage of the topics we will cover, haven't been studied in GCSE PE or BTEC Sport so the information will be new to all students. It is however essential you are aware of the step up from key stage 4.

Name	
School	
Do you play sport?	
If yes to the question above; Team & League/Competitions	
Other commitments e.g. part time jobs/gym membership	

This booklet has been prepared by the PE faculty for you to read and the work contained in it will ensure that you get off to a positive start in this subject area. It is very important that you read this booklet carefully over the summer and attempt to complete the work to the best of your ability and submit it to your teacher. This will be the first impression you create and is a real indicator of how seriously you are prepared to be in your studies.

COURSE OUTLINE

Pearson BTEC Level	3
National Extended	
Certificate in Sport	

360 GLH (445 TQT)
Equivalent in size to one
A Level.
4 units of which 3 are
mandatory and 2 are
external.
Mandatory content (83%).
External assessment
(67%).

A broad basis of study for the sport sector.

This qualification is designed to support progression to higher education when taken as part of a programme of study that includes other appropriate BTEC Nationals or A Levels.

Units studied over the two years:

- Unit 1 Anatomy and Physiology
- Unit 2 Fitness Training and Programming for Health, Sport and well-being
- Unit 3 Professional Development
- Unit 7- Practical Sport

Pearson BTEC Level 3 National Diploma in Sport

720 GLH (895 TQT)
Equivalent in size to two
A Levels.
9 units of which 6 are
mandatory and 3 are
external.
Mandatory content (75%).
External assessment
(45%).

This is intended as an Applied General qualification, equivalent in size to two A Levels. It has been designed as part of a two-year programme, normally in conjunction with one or more qualifications at Level 3. This qualification is aimed at learners looking to progress to higher education in this sector.

Units studied over the two years:

- Unit 1 Anatomy and Physiology
- Unit 2 Fitness Training and Programming for Health, Sport and well-being
- Unit 3 Professional Development
- Unit 4 Sports Leadership
- Unit 7- Practical Sport
- Unit 17 Injury in Sport
- Unit 22 Investigating Business
- Unit 23 Skill Acquisition
- Unit 25 Rules and Regulations

ASSESSMENT POLICY

External assessment (Unit 1 Anatomy & Physiology & Unit 2 Fitness Training & Programming):

Each external assessment for BTEC National is linked to specific units. All of the units are developed for external assessment of 120GLH to allow learners to demonstrate breadth and depth of achievement. Each assessment is taken under specified conditions, then marked by Pearson and a grade is awarded. Learners must achieve all external units at pass grade or above. The styles of external assessment used for qualification in the sport suite are:

Examinations (Unit 1 Anatomy & Physiology) - all learners take the same assessment at the same time, normally with a written outcome.

Set tasks (Unit 2 Fitness Training & Programming) – learners take the assessment during the defined window and demonstrate understanding through completion of a vocational task. Some external assessments include a period of preparation using set information.

Set tasks (Unit 22 Investigating Business in the Sport and Active Leisure Industry) This unit is assessed under supervised conditions. Learners will be given information two weeks before a supervised assessment period in order to carry out research. The supervised assessment period is a maximum of three hours as timetabled by Pearson. During the supervised assessment period, learners will be given a set task that will assess their ability to examine the internal and external factors associated with a business and how it may respond to trends affecting business in the sport and active leisure industry. Pearson sets and marks the task. The number of marks for the unit is 64. The assessment availability is January and May/June each year.

External assessments are taken either in January or May. Learners can have one resit attempt during the programme.

Internal assessment (Unit 3 Professional Development in the Sports Industry, Unit 4 Sports Leadership, Unit 7 Practical Sports Performance, Unit 17 Sports Injury Management, Unit 23 Skill Acquisition in Sport & Unit 25 Rules, Regulations and Officiating in Sport):

Each student is allowed ONE submission for each assignment. Therefore, it is crucial that you get it right first time and meet the required assessment criteria. You should make sure that you fully understand the assignment or assessment task that you have been issued. Don't be afraid to ask your unit teachers for help if you don't understand what you need.

So what happens if I don't achieve the assessment criteria after my submission?

Due to every assignment contributing towards the final grade, you may be entitled to one opportunity for a resubmission to meet the assessment criteria. However, this has to be authorised by the Lead Internal Verifier and you must meet the following criteria:

- You met the initial deadline set for the assignment.
- Your teacher feels you can improve your evidence with no further guidance.
- You have signed and dated a declaration of authenticity for your assignment.

If these three conditions have not been met, you will not be authorised for a resubmission.

UNIT 1 - ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY - Activities

Activity 1

Recommended websites;

www.brianmac.com

Inner Body http://innerbody.com

Introduction

The human body is made up of many different systems that work together and allow us to take part in a huge variety of sport and exercise activities. An athlete can go from rest to all-out sprinting in a matter of seconds, whereas an endurance athlete can continue exercising for many hours at a time.

The skeletal and muscular systems work together to allow our bodies to perform a vast range of different movements. Our cardiovascular and respiratory systems act as a delivery service, working together to supply oxygen and nutrients to the body which in turn is used to produce energy for muscular contraction.

In order to appreciate how each of these systems function, you will study the structure of the skeletal, muscular, cardiovascular and respiratory systems. The human anatomy of these systems is very different but in terms of operation, each system is implicitly linked. Having an understanding of these body systems is imperative in the sport and active leisure industries in order to begin to appreciate how the body functions and how it copes with the many different stresses of exercise.

Scenario

University places are extremely hard to get onto now days. You have applied for a place on a sports coaching degree. You have been called for an interview for a place on the course you want so much. As part of the application you must demonstrate a knowledge & interest in sport and the influences on performance. You have been given the topic of the Skeletal system to research & must be prepared to present and discuss fully in a discussion with an interview panel at the university.

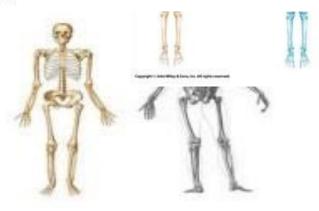
Task 1

Using Powerpoint prepare slides for your discussion with your tutor:

- a) Find a blank picture of the AXIAL skeleton & label it
- b) Find a blank picture of the APPENDICULAR skeleton & label it

For each you will be required to describe: (a) where it is located, (b) the bones that form that part of the skeleton, (c) what that skeleton's function & role is & (d) What movement it allows DO NOT FORGET TO REFERENCE YOUR WORK & PICTURES





Task 4

Using Powerpoint prepare slides for your discussion with your tutor on the following:

 a) Find a blank picture of the Vertebral Column & then identify each of the following regions: cervical, thoracic, and lumbar vertebrae, sacrum, coccyx

For each region you will need to identify & know: (A) how many bones make up that region, (B) the function of the region, (C) identify where the Atlas & Axis Bones are in the vertebral column & their function



Task 5

Using Powerpoint prepare slides for your discussion with your tutor on the following: Prepare a slide on each of the FUNCTIONS OF THE SKELETAL SYSTEM which covers the following:

(A) What it is, (B) How the skeleton provides it & (C) why the function is important/useful

THE FUNCTIONS: support; protection; attachment for skeletal muscle; source of blood cell production; store of minerals

UNIT 2 – FITNESS TRAINING & PROGRAMMING FOR HEALTH, SPORT & WELLBEING

Positive & Negative Lifestyle Factors

A Examine lifestyle factors and their effect on health and well-being

A1 Positive lifestyle factors and their effects on health and well-being

Understand the importance of lifestyle factors in the maintenance of health and well-being.

- Exercise/physical activity: physical (strengthens bones, improves posture, improves body shape), reduces risk of chronic diseases (CHD, cancer, type 2 diabetes), psychological (relieves stress, reduces depression, improves mood), social (improves social skills, enhances self-esteem), economic (reduces costs to National Health Service, reduces absenteeism from work).
- Balanced diet: eatwell plate (food groups), benefits of a healthy diet (improved immune function, maintenance of body weight, reduces risk of chronic diseases – diabetes, osteoporosis, hypertension, high cholesterol), fluid intake requirements (moderation of caffeine intake), strategies for improving dietary intake (timing of meals, eating less/more of certain food groups, five a day, reducing salt intake, healthy alternatives).
- Positive risk-taking activities: participation in outdoor and adventurous activities, endorphin release, improved confidence.
- Government recommendations/guidelines: UK Government recommendations (physical activity, alcohol, healthy eating).

A2 Negative lifestyle factors and their effects on health and well-being

Understand the factors contributing to an unhealthy lifestyle.

- Smoking: health risks associated with smoking (CHD, cancer, lung disease, bronchitis, infertility).
- Alcohol: health risks associated with excessive alcohol consumption (stroke, cirrhosis, hypertension, depression).
- Stress: health risks associated with excessive stress (hypertension, angina, stroke, heart attack, stomach ulcers, depression).
- · Sleep: problems associated with lack of sleep (depression, overeating).
- Sedentary lifestyle: health risks associated with inactivity.

B Understand the screening processes for training programming

B1 Screening Processes

Be able to interpret the lifestyle of a selected individual using appropriate screening documentation, and know when to refer the individual to a doctor.

- Screening questionnaires: lifestyle questionnaires, physical activity readiness questionnaires (PAR-Q).
- · Legal considerations: informed consent form, data protection, client confidentiality.

B2 Health monitoring tests

Be able to interpret health monitoring results of a selected individual using normative data and make appropriate recommendations.

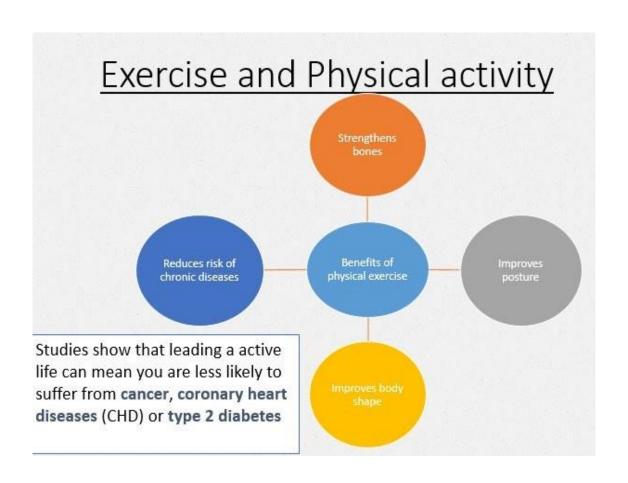
- Blood pressure.
- · Resting heart rate.
- Body mass index (BMI).
- Waist to hip ratio.

B3 Interpreting the results of health monitoring tests

Be able to interpret health monitoring data against health norms and make judgements.

 Interpret results against normative data: compare and make judgements against population norms, norms for sports performers, norms for elite athletes, accepted health ranges.





Task 1

Unit 2 Fitness Training and Programming for Health, Sport and Well-being

Your first topic will be based on positive and negative lifestyle factors. Your task is to assess and review your own lifestyle, commenting on areas where you feel your lifestyle positively impacts your health, fitness and well-being, and commenting on areas where you feel it negatively impacts. Discuss strategies that you could implement to improve your lifestyle in order to improve health, fitness and well-being.

Use the information from the course specification to help you consider your own lifestyle.

Produce an A4 page which summaries the key information making links to all negative and positive lifestyle factors.

Task 2

Part A

Case study

John is a 32-year-old male who works approximately 7-8 hours a day as a full-time builder.

He takes part in regular exercise and has a passion for weightlifting. John has recently participated in numerous competitions to challenge himself further within his sport. John trains twice every day, once before and once after work, and tries to follow a diet plan that will maximise his potential and performance.

John has recently hired a strength and conditioning coach, as he wants to improve his weightlifting technique, as well as different components of fitness that can take him to a higher level within the sport.

John's coach has decided to put him through a health screening procedure to see what his general health is like, as well as design a new diet plan and a fitness training programme. The aim of this is to improve his components of fitness, with the main objective being to win the next competition in 3 months' time.

	Part B
Lifes	tyle questionnaire
Sectio	n 1: Personal details
Name:	John Smith
Addre	ss: 49 The Walk Anytown The County
Mobile Email:	telephone: 01234 567891 telephone: 07123 456790 john7@email.com f birth: 25/07/1984
Please	answer the following questions to the best of your knowledge.
Occup	ation
1. Wh	at is your occupation? Builder
2. Hov	v many hours do you work daily? 7–8 hours per day with a 30-minute lunch break
3. Hov	v far do you live from your workplace? I work in lots of different places
4. Hov	v do you travel to work? Drive
5. Hov	v active would you say your job was? Very active
Sectio	n 2: Current activity levels
1. Hov	v many times a week do you currently take part in physical activity? Six days a week, twice a day
2. Wh	at type of activity/exercise do you mainly take part in? Weight training

Section 4: Your lifestyle

Please answer the following questions to the best of your knowledge.

- 1. How many units of alcohol do you drink in a typical week? 24
- 2. Do you smoke? Yes If yes, how many cigarettes a day? 3 a day
- 3. Do you experience stress on a daily basis? Yes

If yes, what causes you stress (if you know)? I worry that my work may interrupt my training programme in the future.

4. On average, how many hours sleep do you get per night? 7

Section 5: Health me	onitoring tests
Test results	
Test Result	
Blood Pressure	123/81 mmHg
Resting Heart Rate	65 bpm
Body Mass Index	35
Waist-to-Hip Ratio	0.80

Section 6: Physical activity/sporting goals

What are your physical activity/sporting goals?

To win my next weightlifting competition in 3 months' time.

To increase my strength and the amount of weight I can lift.

CLIENT DECLARATION

I have understood and answered all of the above questions

honestly. Signed client: J. Smith Print name: John Smith

Date: 11/09/16

2.0264903456			National States	
1. Complete	the food diar	ry for the previou	s two days.	
Day 1	Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner	Snacks
Yes/No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Time of day		12.45pm	8.30-9pm	Variable times throughout the day
Food intake		Jacket potato with cheese and beans	Steak and potatoes	Chocolate ba Packet of crisps Peanuts
Fluid intake	3 x cups of to	ea, 3 pints of beer	, 1 small bottle	of water
Day 2	Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner	
Yes/No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Time of day		12.45pm	8.30-9pm	Variable times throughout
Food intake		Ham and cheese sandwic	Spaghetti Bolognes e	1 apple Chocolate bar
Fluid intake	3 x cups of te	ea, 3 pints of beer	. 1 small bottle	of water

The following question would be worth 12 marks in the exam.		
Use the exemplar material on the previous pages to support you.		
Interpret the lifestyle factors and screening information for John Smith.		

Pearson EDEXCEL BTEC Level 3 Sport

What a good one looks like....

Set Task Information

Scenario

Mr Mann is 30 years old and works 9 hours a day in an office. He does not take part in any exercise and often has to do more work when he gets home.

He catches the bus to work each day, a journey of 3 miles.

He has recently noticed that he is gaining weight. He works with Miss Tibbs who exercises regularly and seems to be fitter, healthier and happier than him. Miss Tibbs suggests that Mr Mann joins her gym and trains for an aerobic endurance event.

Mr Mann decides to join the gym and takes part in a fitness assessment.

As part of the fitness assessment he will be given a training programme to follow.

Mr Mann has previously completed a PAR-Q form and has indicated that he has no medical conditions and is fit to take part in physical activity.

Question 1: Interpret the lifestyle factors and screening information for the selected individual. [Total marks for Q1 - 12 marks]

Mr mann doesn't live a very healthy like in his Information it It's us he gets the bus to work and he works in a officer doing no excesse their The first lifestyle factor I'm going to talk about is exercise. It is clear by the information giving that the mann does no exercise He has No real reason why he Shouldn't be exercising as he has no medical conditions. The 11ths says from the age 19-14 ups that you should do 150 minlies of exercises enjuries moderale and strength exerciseon two or more days a By Mr Mann not doing the Expresse he Should be doing he soys he is gaining weight and peels fired with his lob oswell he works 9 hours sedentary, Sitting down at his desk To help him to start exercising he could start to walk to work or walk I male to the next bas

stop and got the bus from their. This will hope him to do more exercise as the it isn't hard. Finother lyestyle factor is fill cohol. Mr. Mann says he drinks 29 units a week. This is double the recommend amount of acholoto he should drink which is the units. This could effect both short and long term could be masse an him. The short term effects could mean he could smell of alcohol, lack of steep, lake for work as he might have a hangore. The tong term effects will lead to live domage and even no job. Mr. Mann should work an how much alcohol he drinks by the not have a drink on the weekend so it wont on the weekend so it wont effect his work.

Another lifefactor would be stress. The Mann says he experience stress on a daily bases. This could again effect his work as he could be worrying about what he has to do andered up having no steep. This could also cause health problems a it could lead to the rearing with soft increase blood preasure. To help me Monn cope with stress he could make a time to be on when to do work and have days of to spend time with his family. This could neigh num to cope more and not worry about work as much.

Smoking is another life forth. Mr Mann Bays he 9thoesn's Smoke which is a good thing as it can cause logitung cancer and can effect your breating.

The final life factor is steep. The NHS says you should have 8 hours steep. Mr Mann says he has b hours. This could be the reason why he is streased, tired and lack of constration the needs to try and get more steep and not worky about work intil he gets thee otherwise its could drive him curay.

This 5 life factors are unhealthy and healthy on the Mannlife Style. I would rank the being Alcokol, Exercise, Stress, Steep and smoting, Alocholds being unhealthy and Smoking being healthy. This is because thing of whose I think is effecting the Mann life Style the mess if he coils down on thinks he will start to feel better and healthice Mr Mann done 4 health Screening test. The first was his Blood pressure, he got a reading of 135/85 minky to 00 the normative data this reads a highblood pressure and you need to proceed with Caution 1 would rate this as the 2nd most important thing to look at own it could be dangeous. Next test was his resting heart rate which was 85 bpm. On the Normative date this is poor/high. This could be done to his his weight but I heard rank this a 3rd as its not as dangeous to his placed pressure. Next test was his BMI which is 32. On the Normative this is a besity level 1. This would be the 1st thing I took at as it could effect his life the Most. The final fest was the food effect his life the Most. The final fest was the food which was 1.3 this is high list but it would be the last think 1 idok at as it would be the last think 1 idok at as it

Good response: The command word here is interpret and the learner has given a detailed interpretation of the different lifestyle factors of Mr Mann in which are positive and negative lifestyle factors.

The learner has also interpreted the screening information from Mr Mann's questionnaire linking the Health Test results to normative data.

Good response: 8 out of a possible 12 marks have been awarded for this answer

The learner has interpreted the lifestyle factors from the given questionnaire and also stated which ones are positive and negative lifestyle factors. Exercise, Alcohol, Stress, Smoking and Sleep have all been described in detail and related to the selected individual. The learner has also commented on relevant NHS guidelines for certain lifestyle factors.

The learner has also given an interpretation of all of the health screening tests such as Blood Pressure, Resting Heart Rate, Body Mass Index and Waist to Hip Ratio.

Further marks could have been awarded for the interpretation of the positive lifestyle factor of Diet as this has not been included.

Further marks could have also been awarded for a more detailed and analytical approach to all of the Health Screening results in which the interpretation is more specific to the individual and their fitness goals.

The learner's response has fallen into Mark Band 3 (8-9 Marks). For the learner to have gained higher marks and fallen into Mark Band 4 (10-12 Marks) they needed to have a more detailed analytical approach to each of the health monitoring tests results. Each health monitoring test, such as Blood Pressure, needed to be interpreted against the normative data and made specially relevant to Mr Mann and his health.

The learner could have also given a more detailed analytical approach to the interpretation of the impact of the lifestyle factors on Mr Mann. Currently, the learner has ranked the lifestyle factors but not given a detailed interpretation of these on the individual or specific relevance to the health and wellbeing of Mr Mann.

UNIT 3 - PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE SPORTS INDUSTRY

Activity 1 – Size of the Sports Industry

Linked to Unit 3 – Working in the Sports Industry

Scenario - Imagine you are researcher for the different career opportunities in the sports industry.

We need you to: Review the size of the sports industry nationally, in the South Yorkshire region and in Sheffield. Your research should cover the following topics from the specification:

The size, breadth and geographic spread of the sports industry, locally and nationally and factors that affect sports provision and employment opportunities.

- Sport and recreation industry data, economic significance, number of jobs.
- Geographical factors location, environment, infrastructure, population.
- Socio-economic factors wealth, employment, history, culture, fashion and trend.
- Season factors, e.g. swimming pools that only open in the summer, summer camps, holiday sports clubs, competition seasons, training camps.

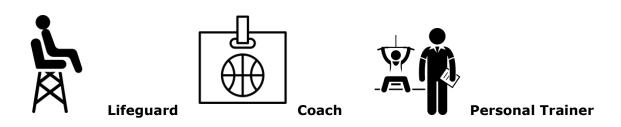
Success criteria is based on:

Pass - Identify the size of the sports industry nationally, regionally and locally

Merit - Identify the size of the sports industry nationally, regionally and locally referring to research sources and multiple job roles within the sector.

Distinction - Identify the size of the sports industry nationally, regionally and locally referring to research sources and multiple job roles within the sector. Evaluate the impact of Geographical, Socio-economic and Seasonal factors on the size of the sports industry in local areas.

Complete the work in an essay type format using the example on the following pages;



Key tips:

Use the exemplar work on the following pages to help you.

Exemplar Work

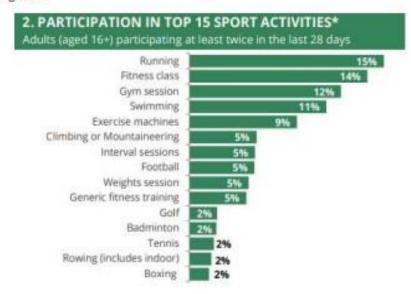
Size of the sports industry nationally

UK Sports Industry worth £23.8 billion and holds nearly 1 million jobs. ¹ Around 63% of men were active in sport compared to 58% of women, based on the Active Lives Survey data for year ending May 2017. ² In this there is the voluntary sector, public sector and private sector where people can either pay for high end equipment and experience which is your private sector where you would have to pay premium prices or you could go to a public or voluntary sector which is just your normal fitness/gym facilities. Different sports have different funding's standards for example for the Tokyo 2020 Olympics team GB are spending £630,000 on archery compared to over £26 million in athletics.³ Funding levels in most sports have generally risen from London 2012 and dependent on how successful your sport is, is correspondent to how much funding your country will give you.

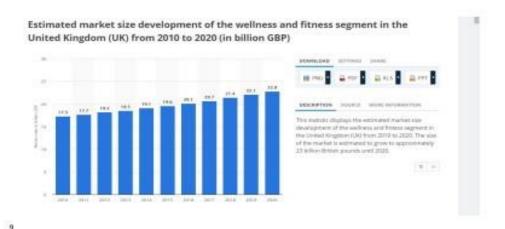
Oxford Economics has estimated that hosting the Olympics will contribute £16.5bn to overall gross domestic product through to 2017.

The report claims that at its peak the games and its legacy will have created 62,000 jobs across the UK.

Supported by the national lottery elite, sport is also receiving a guaranteed £125m of funding through to the next Olympics in Rio de Janeiro in 2016. A further £1bn has been committed by the Government to fund school sports over the same period Sky came into the sport in 2008 providing £1m of sponsorship for the Great Britain track cycling team. ¹⁰



2



In 2016, 1.7 million people worked in the sport field in the EU, with the largest contribution from the United Kingdom (431 thousand) and Germany (243 thousand). In 2016, men accounted for 55 % of employment in sport in the EU, while 45 % of such jobs were occupied by women. Compared with the age structure of the total employed population, it is noticeable that young people account for a relatively significant share of sport employment: in 2016, over one third of sports workers in the EU (38 %) were aged 15–29, twice the figure for the total employed population (19 %). ¹¹

Working hours can be long and seasonal. Employees are often required to work shift patterns and weekends. The biggest seasonal changes are in the outdoor and caravan sectors, where most jobs are created in the summer (SkillsActive, 2010). • About 47% of the industry is employed on a part-time basis, compared to 27% of the whole UK workforce (SkillsActive, 2010). The sport and leisure industry as a whole currently employs 663,300 people, which accounts for around 2% of the UK workforce (SkillsActive, 2010). 12

230,000 businesses and organisations throughout the country. 15% of all 16 to 18-year-olds starting an apprenticeship do so in the sport and fitness sector.

13 This shows the huge size and importance of the sporting industry in the UK and how many people are interested in a career in this sector.

In the UK you can pretty much do any sport that you want as we have the benefit of land and sea sports as we are an island so there is really no limit on what sport you can do. The main problem in the UK is the weather which often means that seas are too dangerous to participate in and some outdoor sports facilities might be waterlogged or the conditions are too bad. That's why in the UK there are lots of indoor sports facilities so that activities can still go on. Also seasonal factors will effect participation levels in the UK as hockey, football and rugby are winter sports and aren't played in the summer, whereas other sports like tennis and cricket which as summer sports.

LISTEN, WATCH, READ, STUDY

Highlight the tasks as you complete them



Complete this MOOC.

Football: more than a game

University of Edinburgh This course is open now!



Listen to this

programme from the BBC World service. Sports Hour is a live Saturday morning sports show with reports, debate and humour. There are over 280 shows available covering all world sport.

BBC World Service: Sports hour **BBC** Programmes



Read this article which

explores the science behind wearing a helmet in sporting activities and how helmets are there to stop brain fracture and not concussion.

Football helmets don't protect against concussion - and we're not sure what does

Ideas TED



Watch this TED talk

which explores how racial stereotypes have infiltrated the language we use to discuss athletes.

Shouldn't sports be colourblind

TED Talks – Patrick Ferrucci



Complete this course.

Exercise prescription for the prevention and treatment of disease

Future Learn Available now or 4th May 2020



Listen to this radio

programme.

This is a daily podcast bringing you the latest from the Premier League, EFL, European football and more.

BBC Radio 5 Live



this

Watch

TED

this

Read

article which explores some of the key gender issues in sports. Sports are designed around men – and that needs to change Ideas TED



Watch this TED talk.

Are athletes really getting faster, better, stronger? TED Talks - David Epstein



podcast in Calum and Buncey react to

Listen to

this

KSI's split-decision victory over Logan Paul in Los Angeles.

KSI vs Logan Paul II **BBC Sounds**



Watch this TED talk.

My 12 pairs of legs TED Talks - Aimee Mullins

BBC Programmes



Watch this TED talk in

which Valorie Kondos Field, long-time coach of the UCLA women's gymnastics team, shares the secret to her success. Hint: it has nothing to do with "winning."

Why Winning doesn't always equal success

TED Talk – Valorie Kondos



talk in which Christopher McDougall explores the mysteries of the human desire to run.

Are we born to run? TED Talk – Christopher McDougall



Watch this TED talk. How much do you

know about intellectual disabilities?

Special Olympics let me be myself – a champion

TED Talk – Matthews Williams



Watch this TED talk. Amazing,

inspiring feats of daring and determination that will bring you everywhere from the high skies to the deep

(Playlist of eight talks).

Extreme sports TED Talks



Listen to this podcast from the

British Journal of Sports Medicine. It covers all sorts of aspects of Sports Medicine, from the science behind running shoes to the power of sleep.

BJSM Podcast

Also available on other podcast providers – search 'BJSM'

READING LIST

British Olympic Association http://www.olympics.org.uk/

Department of Culture, Media and Sport http://www.culture.gov.uk

Sports Coach UK http://www.sportscoachuk.org.uk

Sport England http://www.sportengland.org

Inner Body http://innerbody.com

Peak Performance http//www.pponline.co.uk

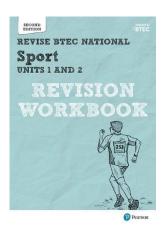
Psychology Lab http://wwwgeocities.com/lazaridous/

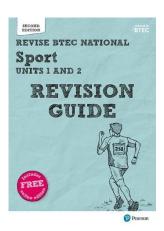
Training Programmes/Principles http://www.brianmac.demon.co.uk/

UK Sport http://www.uksport.gov.uk

Sport Injury Journals http://www.physsportsmed.com/

National Library of Medicine www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi





Please purchase the revision workbook and revision guide through the Pearson website.

Below are a list of useful websites that can give advice to students about coursework:

www.courseworkbank.co.uk
www.coursework.info
www.essaybank.co.uk
www.freestudentstuff.co.uk
www.maths-help.co.uk
www.projectgcse.co.uk
www.revision-notes.co.uk
www.sci-journal.org.uk
www.studentcentral.co.uk
www.studyzones.com
www.lopcourseworksites.co.uk
www.ubreaming.net
www.us-learning.net

Command Terms for Assignments and Exams

Key Terms

KEY WORDS	DESCRIPTION	
Complete	Complete a form, diagram or drawing.	
Demonstrate	Show that you can do a particular activity.	
Describe	Give a clear, straightforward description which includes all the main points.	
Identify	Give all the basic facts which relate to a certain topic,	
List	Write a list of the main items (not sentences).	
Name	State the proper terms related to a drawing or diagram.	
Outline	Give all the main points, but without going into too much detail.	
State	Point out or list the main features.	

Comment on	Give your own opinions or views,
Compare Contrast	Identify the main factors relating to two or more items and point out their similarities and differences.
Competently use	Take full account of information and feedback you have obtained to review or improve an activity.
Demonstrate_	Prove you can carry out a more complex activity,
Describe	Give a full description, including details of all the relevant features.
Explain	Give logical reasons to support your views,
Justify	Give reasons for the points you are making so that the reader knows what you are thinking.
Suggest	Give you own ideas or thoughts.

Analyse	Identify several factors, show how they are linked, and explain the importance of each.
Compare Contrast	Identify the main factors in two or more situations, then explain the similarities and differences, and in some cases adapt your original ideas.
Demonstrate_	Prove that you can carry out a complex activity, taking into account information you have obtained or received to adapt your original ideas.
Describe	Give a comprehensive description which tells a story to the reader and shows that you can apply your knowledge and information correctly.
Evaluate	Bring together all your information and make a judgement on the importance or success of something.
Explain	Provide full details and reasons to support the arguments you are making.
Justify	Give full reasons or evidence to support your opinion.
Recommend	Weigh up all the evidence to come to a conclusion, with reasons, about what would be best.

Pearson EDEXCEL BTEC Level 3 Sport

FACULTY EXPECTATIONS

There are some expectations that we set for all students who are studying BTEC Sport Level

3.

It is recommended that a USB storage device (memory stick) is provided to transfer work to

and from the school/home computers as a back up to the online system.

It is expected that students attend all lessons promptly and in the correct clothing attire. If a

student misses a lesson it is expected that they will speak to the member of staff who taught

the lesson and catch up with the work.

When students are involved in practical lessons they will be expected to wear appropriate kit

and clothing.

Mobile phones are not to be used in lessons.

Students will be provided with homework and coursework to be completed at home or in

study time at school. It is expected that all students will hand their work in for marking

promptly and to the best of their ability.

Have a large A4 file with you for every lesson and make sure you are equipped with basic

stationary.

Ensure you have done any requested lesson preparation – most likely reading or Everlearner

tasks.

Meet all deadlines without exception and if work does not meet the required standard you will

be expected to repeat it.

Deadline for tasks set above – First lesson back in September

We look forward to welcoming you in September 2025.

Meadowhead School PE Department